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Apêndice A – Cálculos do exemplo de seleção de transportadores

Situação A - matrizes originais do problema:

Comparação entre os critérios:

<i>Escolha transportador</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5
C_1	1	1/3	5	7	3
C_2	3	1	7	9	3
C_3	1/5	1/7	1	3	1/3
C_4	1/7	1/9	1/3	1	1/5
C_5	1/3	1/3	3	5	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,1/3,5,7,3;

-->3,1,7,9,3;

-->1/5,1/7,1,3,1/3;

-->1/7,1/9,1/3,1,1/5;

-->1/3,1/3,3,5,1]

A =

```

1.      0.3333333  5.      7.  3.
3.      1.      7.      9.  3.
0.2    0.1428571  1.      3.  0.3333333
0.1428571  0.1111111  0.3333333  1.  0.2
0.3333333  0.3333333  3.      5.  1.

```

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

column 1 to 4

5.2202827	0	0	0
0	0.0295692 + 1.0090334i	0	0
0	0	0.0295692 - 1.0090334i	0
0	0	0	- 0.1397105 + 0.3576601i
0	0	0	0

column 5

0
0
0
0
- 0.1397105 - 0.3576601i

x0 =

column 1 to 4

- 0.4770951	0.0428834 + 0.4881189i	0.0428834 - 0.4881189i	- 0.3311011 + 0.1036780i
- 0.8318787	0.8476230	0.8476230	0.8793069
- 0.1126893	- 0.0816538 - 0.0366958i	- 0.0816538 + 0.0366958i	0.0346162 + 0.1518757i
- 0.0589580	0.0143912 - 0.0526352i	0.0143912 + 0.0526352i	- 0.0626300 - 0.0318540i
- 0.2533438	- 0.1697181 + 0.0405036i	- 0.1697181 - 0.0405036i	0.1041683 - 0.2576618i

column 5

- 0.3311011 - 0.1036780i
0.8793069
0.0346162 - 0.1518757i
- 0.0626300 + 0.0318540i
0.1041683 + 0.2576618i

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
5.2202827
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
5.2202827
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.4770951
```

```
- 0.8318787
```

```
- 0.1126893
```

```
- 0.0589580
```

```
- 0.2533438
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.7339649
```

```
-->w=x/soma0
```

```
w =
```

```
0.2751469
```

```
0.4797552
```

```
0.0649894
```

```
0.0340018
```

```
0.1461066
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

$N =$

5.

--> $CI=(\lambda_0-N)/(N-1)$

$CI =$

0.0550707

--> $RI=1.11;$

--> $CR=CI/RI$

$CR =$

0.0496132

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1 – Taxas

C_1	A	B	C
A	1	7	5
B	1/7	1	1/2
C	1/5	2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

--> $A=[1,7,5;$

--> $1/7,1,1/2;$

--> $1/5,2,1]$

$A =$

1. 7. 5.

0.1428571 1. 0.5

0.2 2. 1.

--> $[x0,c0]=\text{spec}(A)$

$c0 =$

3.0141519 0 0

0 - 0.0070759 + 0.2064119i 0

```

0      0      - 0.0070759 - 0.2064119i
x0 =

- 0.9681732  0.9681732      0.9681732
- 0.1228064 - 0.0614032 - 0.1063535i - 0.0614032 + 0.1063535i
- 0.2180806 - 0.1090403 + 0.1888634i - 0.1090403 - 0.1888634i

-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
lambda0 =

3.0141519
0
0

-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
lambda0 =

3.0141519

-->x=x0(:,1)
x =

- 0.9681732
- 0.1228064
- 0.2180806

-->soma0=sum(x)
soma0 =

- 1.3090603

-->xnorm=x/soma0
xnorm =

0.7395941
0.0938127
0.1665933

```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.7395941
```

```
0.0938127
```

```
0.1665933
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0070759
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

```
0.0136076
```

C_2 – Atendimento ao consumidor

C_2	A	B	C
A	1	1/5	1/3
B	5	1	3
C	3	1/3	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,1/5,1/3;
```

```
-->5,1,3;
```

```
-->3,1/3,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1. 0.2 0.3333333
```

5. 1. 3.
3. 0.3333333 1.

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
3.0385111 0 0
0 -0.0192555 + 0.3415342i 0
0 0 -0.0192555 - 0.3415342i
```

```
x0 =
```

```
-0.1506267 0.0753133 + 0.1304465i 0.0753133 - 0.1304465i
-0.916142 -0.916142 -0.916142
-0.3714774 0.1857387 - 0.3217088i 0.1857387 + 0.3217088i
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0385111
0
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0385111
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
-0.1506267
-0.916142
-0.3714774
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
-1.4382461
```

-->xnorm=x/soma0

xnorm =

0.1047294

0.6369856

0.2582850

-->w=xnorm

w =

0.1047294

0.6369856

0.2582850

-->n=size(A);

-->N=n(1)

N =

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0192555

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0370299

C_3 – Tratamento de reclamações

C_3	A	B	C
A	1	1/3	1/3
B	3	1	1
C	3	1	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,1/3,1/3;
```

```
-->3,1,1;
```

```
-->3,1,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1. 0.3333333 0.3333333
```

```
3. 1. 1.
```

```
3. 1. 1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
- 4.441D-16 0 0
```

```
0 3. 0
```

```
0 0 4.930D-32
```

```
x0 =
```

```
0.4264014 - 0.2294157 - 0.1075207
```

```
- 0.6396021 - 0.6882472 - 0.5229763
```

```
- 0.6396021 - 0.6882472 0.8455383
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,2)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
0
```

```
3.
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(2,2)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->x=x0(:,2)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.2294157
```

```
- 0.6882472
```

```
- 0.6882472
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.6059101
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.1428571
```

```
0.4285714
```

```
0.4285714
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.1428571
```

```
0.4285714
```

```
0.4285714
```

C_4 – Disponibilidade de equipamento / Flexibilidade de serviço

C_4	A	B	C
A	1	4	5
B	1/4	1	2
C	1/5	1/2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,4,5;
```

```
-->1/4,1,2;
```

```
-->1/5,1/2,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1.    4.    5.
```

```
0.25  1.    2.
```

```
0.2   0.5   1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
3.0245951  0          0
0          - 0.0122975 + 0.2724682i  0
0          0          - 0.0122975 - 0.2724682i
```

```
x0 =
```

```
- 0.9471383  0.9471383          0.9471383
- 0.2769449 - 0.1384725 + 0.2398413i - 0.1384725 - 0.2398413i
- 0.1619584 - 0.0809792 - 0.1402601i - 0.0809792 + 0.1402601i
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0245951
0
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0245951
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.9471383
- 0.2769449
- 0.1619584
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.3860416
```

-->xnorm=x/soma0

xnorm =

0.6833405

0.1998100

0.1168496

-->w=xnorm

w =

0.6833405

0.1998100

0.1168496

-->n=size(A);

-->N=n(1)

N =

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0122975

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0236491

C_5 – Estabilidade financeira

C_5	A	B	C
A	1	1/5	1/7
B	5	1	2
C	7	1/2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,1/5,1/7;
```

```
-->5,1,2;
```

```
-->7,1/2,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1. 0.2 0.1428571
```

```
5. 1. 2.
```

```
7. 0.5 1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
3.1189515 0 0
```

```
0 -0.0594757 + 0.6061901i 0
```

```
0 0 -0.0594757 - 0.6061901i
```

```
x0 =
```

```
-0.1152169 0.0576084 + 0.0997807i 0.0576084 - 0.0997807i
```

```
-0.8119678 -0.8119678 -0.8119678
```

```
-0.5722180 0.2861090 - 0.4955553i 0.2861090 + 0.4955553i
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.1189515
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.1189515
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
-0.1152169
```

```
-0.8119678
```

```
-0.5722180
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.4994026
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.0768419
```

```
0.5415275
```

```
0.3816306
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.0768419
```

```
0.5415275
```

```
0.3816306
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0594757
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

```
0.1143764
```

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$Pf_A = 0,2751469 \times 0,7395941 + 0,4797552 \times 0,1047294 + 0,0649894 \times 0,1428571 + 0,0340018 \times 0,6833405 + 0,1461066 \times 0,0768419 = 0,297$$

$$Pf_B = 0,2751469 \times 0,0938127 + 0,4797552 \times 0,6369856 + 0,0649894 \times 0,4285714 + 0,0340018 \times 0,1998100 + 0,1461066 \times 0,5415275 = 0,445$$

$$Pf_C = 0,2751469 \times 0,1665933 + 0,4797552 \times 0,2582850 + 0,0649894 \times 0,4285714 + 0,0340018 \times 0,1168496 + 0,1461066 \times 0,3816306 = 0,257$$

Situação B - matrizes construídas pela linha de maior prioridade:

Comparação entre os critérios:

Calcula-se a soma das linhas.

<i>Escolha transportador</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	<i>Soma</i>
C_1	1	1/3	5	7	3	16,33
C_2	3	1	7	9	3	22
C_3	1/5	1/7	1	3	1/3	4,68
C_4	1/7	1/9	1/3	1	1/5	1,79
C_5	1/3	1/3	3	5	1	9,67

O maior valor é o da linha 2, portanto essa linha será a referência para o cálculo de todas as outras.

<i>Escolha transportador</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5
C_2	3	1	7	9	3
C_1					
C_3					
C_4					
C_5					

Ela é colocada em posição de primeira linha, a linha que geraria uma matriz consistente. Mas essa é na verdade a única linha necessária para os cálculos. Utilizando as fórmulas (9) e (10) apresentadas no Capítulo 7:

$$\Pr_{C_2} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + 1 + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{3}} = 0,5206612$$

e

$$\Pr_{C_1} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{C_2} = 0,1735537$$

$$\Pr_{C_3} = \frac{1}{7} \times \Pr_{C_2} = 0,0743802$$

$$\Pr_{C_4} = \frac{1}{9} \times \Pr_{C_2} = 0,0578512$$

$$\Pr_{C_5} = \Pr_{C_1} = 0,1735537$$

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1	A	B	C	Soma	C_2	A	B	C	Soma
A	1	7	5	13	A	1	1/5	1/3	1,53
B	1/7	1	1/2	1,64	B	5	1	3	9
C	1/5	2	1	3,2	C	3	1/3	1	4,33

C_3	A	B	C	Soma	C_4	A	B	C	Soma
A	1	1/3	1/3	1,67	A	1	4	5	10
B	3	1	1	5	B	1/4	1	2	3,25
C	3	1	1	5	C	1/5	1/2	1	1,7

C_5	A	B	C	Soma
B	1	1/5	1/7	1,34
A	5	1	2	8
C	7	1/2	1	8,5

As linhas de maior soma das matrizes que irão possibilitar os cálculos de maneira consistente são:

C_1	A	B	C
A	1	7	5
B			
C			

C_2	A	B	C
B	5	1	3
A			
C			

C_3	A	B	C
B	3	1	1
A			
C			

C_4	A	B	C
A	1	4	5
B			
C			

C_5	A	B	C
B	5	1	2
A			
C			

Em relação a C_1 :

$$\Pr_A = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{5}} = 0,7446809$$

e

$$\Pr_B = \frac{1}{7} \times \Pr_A = 0,1063830$$

$$\Pr_C = \frac{1}{5} \times \Pr_A = 0,1489362$$

Em relação a C_2 :

$$\Pr_B = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{5} + 1 + \frac{1}{3}} = 0,6521739$$

e

$$\Pr_A = \frac{1}{5} \times \Pr_B = 0,1304348$$

$$\Pr_C = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_B = 0,2173913$$

Em relação a C_3 :

$$\Pr_B = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + 1 + 1} = 0,4285714$$

e

$$\Pr_A = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_B = 0,1428571$$

$$\Pr_C = 1 \times \Pr_B = 0,4285714$$

Em relação a C_4 :

$$\Pr_A = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5}} = 0,6896552$$

e

$$\Pr_B = \frac{1}{4} \times \Pr_A = 0,1724138$$

$$\Pr_C = \frac{1}{5} \times \Pr_A = 0,1379310$$

Em relação a C_5 :

$$\Pr_B = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{5} + 1 + \frac{1}{2}} = 0,5882353$$

e

$$\Pr_A = \frac{1}{5} \times \Pr_B = 0,1176471$$

$$\Pr_C = \frac{1}{2} \times \Pr_B = 0,2941176$$

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$Pf_A = 0,1735537 \times 0,7446809 + 0,5206612 \times 0,13043478 + 0,0743802 \times 0,1428571 + 0,0578512 \times 0,6896552 + 0,1735537 \times 0,1176471 = 0,268$$

$$Pf_B = 0,1735537 \times 0,106283 + 0,5206612 \times 0,65217391 + 0,0743802 \times 0,4285714 + 0,0578512 \times 0,1724138 + 0,1735537 \times 0,5882353 = 0,502$$

$$Pf_C = 0,1735537 \times 0,1489362 + 0,5206612 \times 0,2173913 + 0,0743802 \times 0,4285714 + 0,0578512 \times 0,137931 + 0,1735537 \times 0,2941176 = 0,230$$

Apêndice B – Cálculos do exemplo de localização do acervo de arte da Barnes Foundation

Situação A - matrizes originais do problema:

Comparação entre os critérios:

<i>Localização galeria</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4
C_1	1	5	2	4
C_2	1/5	1	1/2	1/2
C_3	1/2	2	1	2
C_4	1/4	2	1/2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,5,2,4;

-->1/5,1,1/2,1/2;

-->1/2,2,1,2;

-->1/4,2,1/2,1]

A =

```

1.  5.  2.  4.
0.2  1.  0.5  0.5
0.5  2.  1.  2.
0.25 2.  0.5  1.

```

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

```

0  0      0      0
0  4.0473117  0      0
0  0      - 0.0236558 + 0.4369503i  0
0  0      0      - 0.0236558 - 0.4369503i

```

x0 =

```

0.9534626 0.8623407 0.6310966      0.6310966
1.053D-16 0.1643819 - 0.2378733 - 0.1703898i - 0.2378733 + 0.1703898i
- 0.2860388 0.4108628 0.4952614 - 0.2819267i 0.4952614 + 0.2819267i
- 0.0953463 0.2460465 - 0.1117955 + 0.4228900i - 0.1117955 - 0.4228900i

```

-->lambda0=c0(2,2)

lambda0 =

```
4.0473117
```

-->x=x0(:,2)

x =

```

0.8623407
0.1643819
0.4108628
0.2460465

```

-->soma0=sum(x)

soma0 =

```
1.6836319
```

-->w=x/soma0

w =

```

0.5121908
0.0976353
0.2440336
0.1461403

```

-->n=size(A);

-->N=n(1)

N =

```
4.
```

-->Cl=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0157706

-->RI=0.89;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0177197

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1 – Transportes

C_1	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	2	4
<i>Filadélfia</i>	1/2	1	2
<i>Delaware</i>	1/4	1/2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,2,4;

-->1/2,1,2;

-->1/4,1/2,1]

A =

1. 2. 4.

0.5 1. 2.

0.25 0.5 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

- 2.220D-16 0 0

0 3. 0

0 0 0

x0 =

0.9630868 - 0.8728716 0.7369584

```
- 0.2407717 - 0.4364358 - 0.6600315
- 0.1203859 - 0.2182179  0.1457762
```

```
-->x=x0(:,2)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.8728716
- 0.4364358
- 0.2182179
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.5275252
```

```
-->w=x/soma0
```

```
w =
```

```
0.5714286
0.2857143
0.1428571
```

C_2 – Rendimentos

C_2	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/2	1/3
<i>Filadélfia</i>	2	1	3
<i>Delaware</i>	3	3	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,1/2,1/3;
```

```
-->2,1,1/3;
```

```
-->3,3,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1. 0.5  0.3333333
2. 1.   0.3333333
3. 3.   1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
3.0536216  0          0
0          - 0.0268108 + 0.4037588i  0
0          0          - 0.0268108 - 0.4037588i
```

```
x0 =
```

```
- 0.2369798 - 0.1184899 - 0.2052305i - 0.1184899 + 0.2052305i
- 0.3761820 - 0.1880910 + 0.3257831i - 0.1880910 - 0.3257831i
- 0.8957275  0.8957275          0.8957275
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0536216
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.2369798
- 0.3761820
- 0.8957275
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.5088892
```

```
-->w=x/soma0
```

```
w =
```

```
0.1570558
0.2493105
0.5936337
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0268108

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0515592

 C_3 – Educação

C_3	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/7	1/3
<i>Filadélfia</i>	7	1	3
<i>Delaware</i>	3	1/3	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,1/7,1/3;

-->7,1,3;

-->3,1/3,1]

A =

1. 0.1428571 0.3333333

7. 1. 3.

3. 0.3333333 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

3.0070218 0 0

```

0      - 0.0035109 + 0.1452662i   0
0      0                        - 0.0035109 - 0.1452662i
x0 =

0.1225826 - 0.0612913 - 0.1061597i - 0.0612913 + 0.1061597i
0.9330578  0.9330578          0.9330578
0.3381962 - 0.1690981 + 0.2928865i - 0.1690981 - 0.2928865i

-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
lambda0 =

3.0070218

-->x=x0(:,1)
x =

0.1225826
0.9330578
0.3381962

-->soma0=sum(x)
soma0 =

1.3938367

-->w=x/soma0
w =

0.0879462
0.6694169
0.2426369

-->n=size(A);

-->N=n(1)
N =

3.

-->Cl=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

```

CI =

0.0035109

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0067517

C_4 – Faixa Etária

C_4	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/4	1/7
<i>Filadélfia</i>	4	1	2
<i>Delaware</i>	7	2	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,1/4,1/7;

-->4,1,1/2;

-->7,2,1]

A =

1. 0.25 0.1428571

4. 1. 0.5

7. 2. 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

3.0019815 0 0

0 - 0.0009908 + 0.0771198i 0

0 0 - 0.0009908 - 0.0771198i

x0 =

0.1202124 - 0.0601062 - 0.1041070i - 0.0601062 + 0.1041070i

0.4599160 - 0.2299580 + 0.3982989i - 0.2299580 - 0.3982989i

0.8797876 0.8797876 0.8797876

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0019815
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
0.1202124
```

```
0.4599160
```

```
0.8797876
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
1.459916
```

```
-->w=x/soma0
```

```
w =
```

```
0.0823420
```

```
0.3150291
```

```
0.6026289
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0009908
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

0.0019053

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$Pf_{Merion} = 0,5121908 \times 0,5714286 + 0,0976353 \times 0,1570558 + 0,2440336 \times 0,0879462 + 0,1461403 \times 0,0823420 = 0,342$$

$$Pf_{Filadélfia} = 0,5121908 \times 0,2857143 + 0,0976353 \times 0,2493105 + 0,2440336 \times 0,6694169 + 0,0340018 \times 0,3150291 = 0,380$$

$$Pf_{Delaware} = 0,5121908 \times 0,1428571 + 0,0976353 \times 0,5936337 + 0,2440336 \times 0,2426369 + 0,0340018 \times 0,6026289 = 0,278$$

Situação B - matrizes construídas pela linha de maior prioridade:

Comparação entre os critérios:

Calcula-se a soma das linhas.

<i>Localização galeria</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	<i>Soma</i>
C_1	1	5	2	4	12
C_2	1/5	1	1/2	1/2	2,2
C_3	1/2	2	1	2	5,5
C_4	1/4	2	1/2	1	3,75

O maior valor é o da linha 1, portanto essa linha será a referência para o cálculo de todas as outras.

<i>Localização galeria</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4
C_1	1	5	2	4
C_2				
C_3				
C_4				

Essa linha fornece todos os números suficientes para o cálculo das prioridades, utilizando as fórmulas (9) e (10) do Capítulo 7:

$$Pr_{C_1} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}} = 0,5128205$$

e

$$Pr_{C_2} = \frac{1}{5} \times Pr_{C_1} = 0,1025641$$

$$Pr_{C_3} = \frac{1}{2} \times Pr_{C_1} = 0,2564103$$

$$Pr_{C_4} = \frac{1}{4} \times Pr_{C_1} = 0,1282051$$

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	2	4	7
<i>Filadélfia</i>	1/2	1	2	3,5
<i>Delaware</i>	1/4	1/2	1	1,75

C_2	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/2	1/3	1,83
<i>Filadélfia</i>	2	1	3	6
<i>Delaware</i>	3	3	1	7

C_3	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/7	1/3	1,48
<i>Filadélfia</i>	7	1	3	11
<i>Delaware</i>	3	1/3	1	4,33

C_4	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	1/4	1/7	1,39
<i>Filadélfia</i>	4	1	2	7
<i>Delaware</i>	7	2	1	10

As linhas das matrizes que serão utilizadas nos cálculos são:

C_1	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Merion</i>	1	2	4
<i>Filadélfia</i>			
<i>Delaware</i>			

C_2	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Delaware</i>	3	3	1
<i>Merion</i>			
<i>Filadélfia</i>			

C_3	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Filadélfia</i>	7	1	3
<i>Merion</i>			
<i>Delaware</i>			

C_4	<i>Merion</i>	<i>Filadélfia</i>	<i>Delaware</i>
<i>Delaware</i>	7	2	1
<i>Merion</i>			
<i>Filadélfia</i>			

Em relação a C_1 :

$$\Pr_{Merion} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}} = 0,5714286$$

e

$$\Pr_{Filadélfia} = \frac{1}{2} \times \Pr_{Merion} = 0,2857143$$

$$\Pr_{Delaware} = \frac{1}{4} \times \Pr_{Merion} = 0,1428571$$

Em relação a C_2 :

$$\Pr_{Delaware} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + 1} = 0,6$$

e

$$\Pr_{Merion} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{Delaware} = 0,2$$

$$\Pr_{Philadelphia} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{Delaware} = 0,2$$

Em relação a C_3 :

$$\Pr_{Filadélfia} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{7} + 1 + \frac{1}{3}} = 0,6774194$$

e

$$\Pr_{Merion} = \frac{1}{7} \times \Pr_{Filadélfia} = 0,0967742$$

$$\Pr_{Delaware} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{Filadélfia} = 0,2258065$$

Em relação a C_4 :

$$\Pr_{Delaware} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{2} + 1} = 0,6086957$$

e

$$\Pr_{Merion} = \frac{1}{7} \times \Pr_{Delaware} = 0,0869565$$

$$\Pr_{Philadelphia} = \frac{1}{2} \times \Pr_{Delaware} = 0,3043478$$

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$Pf_{Merion} = 0,5128205 \times 0,5714286 + 0,1025641 \times 0,2 + 0,2564103 \times 0,0967742 + 0,1282051 \times 0,0869565 = 0,350$$

$$Pf_{Filadélfia} = 0,5128205 \times 0,2857143 + 0,1025641 \times 0,2 + 0,2564103 \times 0,6774194 + 0,1282051 \times 0,3043478 = 0,380$$

$$Pf_{Delaware} = 0,5128205 \times 0,1428571 + 0,1025641 \times 0,6 + 0,2564103 \times 0,228065 + 0,1282051 \times 0,6086957 = 0,271$$

Apêndice C – Cálculos do exemplo de priorização de projetos de transporte

Situação A - matrizes originais do problema:

Comparação entre os critérios:

<i>Melhor alternativa transporte</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	C_7
C_1	1	0,293	0,331	0,490	0,493	0,503	2,676
C_2	3,409	1	0,544	2,548	3,356	2,600	4,481
C_3	3,019	1,837	1	2,731	2,869	2,934	3,563
C_4	2,042	0,393	0,366	1	1,931	2,855	3,767
C_5	2,028	0,298	0,349	0,518	1	1,829	3,775
C_6	1,990	0,385	0,341	0,350	0,547	1	2,773
C_7	0,374	0,223	0,281	0,265	0,265	0,361	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,0.293,0.331,0.490,0.493,0.503,2.676;

-->3.409,1,0.544,2.548,3.356,2.6,4.481;

-->3.019,1.837,1,2.731,2.869,2.934,3.563;

-->2.042,0.393,0.366,1,1.931,2.855,3.767;

-->2.028,0.298,0.349,0.518,1,1.829,3.775;

-->1.990,0.385,0.341,0.350,0.547,1,2.773;

-->0.374,0.223,0.281,0.265,0.265,0.361,1]

A =

1.	0.293	0.331	0.49	0.493	0.503	2.676
3.409	1.	0.544	2.548	3.356	2.6	4.481
3.019	1.837	1.	2.731	2.869	2.934	3.563
2.042	0.393	0.366	1.	1.931	2.855	3.767
2.028	0.298	0.349	0.518	1.	1.829	3.775

```

1.99  0.385  0.341  0.35  0.547  1.  2.773
0.374  0.223  0.281  0.265  0.265  0.361  1.

```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
column 1 to 4
```

```

7.3700697  0          0          0
0          0.0788501 + 1.5166276i  0          0
0          0          0.0788501 - 1.5166276i  0
0          0          0          - 0.1453294 + 0.6357739i
0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0

```

```
column 5 to 7
```

```

0          0          0
0          0          0
0          0          0
0          0          0
- 0.1453294 - 0.6357739i  0          0
0          - 0.2053619  0
0          0          - 0.0317493
x0 =

```

```
column 1 to 4
```

```

0.161637 - 0.0489658 - 0.1029353i - 0.0489658 + 0.1029353i  0.1872921 +
0.1438068i
0.5638614  0.3612545 + 0.4119202i  0.3612545 - 0.4119202i  0.6252925
0.6486034  0.6962685          0.6962685          - 0.1830279 - 0.5474793i
0.3472933 - 0.0824774 + 0.3238120i - 0.0824774 - 0.3238120i - 0.2693650 +
0.2111469i
0.2553264 - 0.2153819 + 0.0899024i - 0.2153819 - 0.0899024i - 0.0639980 +
0.0427831i

```

```

0.2013618 - 0.1454354 - 0.0568015i - 0.1454354 + 0.0568015i 0.0511092 -
0.2815681i
0.0943218 0.0316361 - 0.1025991i 0.0316361 + 0.1025991i - 0.1086458 +
0.0570477i

```

column 5 to 7

```

0.1872921 - 0.1438068i - 0.1618139 0.0991580
0.6252925 0.6759930 - 0.6044777
- 0.1830279 + 0.5474793i - 0.6942824 0.2182924
- 0.2693650 - 0.2111469i - 0.0788896 0.6015732
- 0.0639980 - 0.0427831i - 0.1067187 - 0.4404873
0.0511092 + 0.2815681i 0.0802571 0.1354277
- 0.1086458 - 0.0570477i 0.1037686 - 0.0535052

```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```

7.3700697
0
0
0
0
0
0
0

```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
7.3700697
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```

0.161637
0.5638614
0.6486034
0.3472933
0.2553264
0.2013618
0.0943218

```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
2.2724052
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.0711304
```

```
0.2481342
```

```
0.2854260
```

```
0.1528307
```

```
0.1123595
```

```
0.0886118
```

```
0.0415075
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.0711304
```

```
0.2481342
```

```
0.2854260
```

```
0.1528307
```

```
0.1123595
```

```
0.0886118
```

```
0.0415075
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
7.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0616783
```

```
-->RI=1.35;
```

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0456876

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1 – Minimização dos custos de implantação

C_1	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	0,333	0,125
<i>TUDL</i>	3	1	0,167
<i>Ônibus</i>	8	6	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,0.333,0.125;

-->3,1,0.167;

-->8,6,1]

A =

1. 0.333 0.125

3. 1. 0.167

8. 6. 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

3.0737678 0 0

0 - 0.0368839 + 0.4736926i 0

0 0 - 0.0368839 - 0.4736926i

x0 =

- 0.0927606 - 0.0465174 - 0.0803017i - 0.0465174 + 0.0803017i

- 0.2125262 - 0.1060890 + 0.1838697i - 0.1060890 - 0.1838697i

- 0.9727426 0.9727923 0.9727923

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0737678
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0737678
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.0927606
```

```
- 0.2125262
```

```
- 0.9727426
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.2780294
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.0725810
```

```
0.1662921
```

```
0.7611269
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.0725810
```

```
0.1662921
```

```
0.7611269
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

-->N=n(1)

N =

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0368839

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0709306

C_2 – Minimização dos custos de operação e manutenção

C_2	TUE	TUDL	$\hat{O}nibus$
TUE	1	0,333	0,167
TUDL	3	1	0,250
$\hat{O}nibus$	6	4	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,0.333,0.167;

-->3,1,0.250;

-->6,4,1]

A =

1. 0.333 0.167

3. 1. 0.25

6. 4. 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

3.0541968 0 0

0 - 0.0270984 + 0.4047140i 0

0 0 - 0.0270984 - 0.4047140i

```
x0 =

- 0.1252521 - 0.0628285 - 0.1086173i - 0.0628285 + 0.1086173i
- 0.2980861 - 0.1487095 + 0.2586580i - 0.1487095 - 0.2586580i
- 0.9462857  0.9461693          0.9461693
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0541968
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0541968
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.1252521
```

```
- 0.2980861
```

```
- 0.9462857
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.3696239
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.0914500
```

```
0.2176409
```

```
0.6909091
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.0914500
```

```
0.2176409
```

```
0.6909091
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0270984
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

```
0.0521123
```

C_3 – Maximização do equilíbrio entre oferta e demanda

C_3	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	$\hat{O}nibus$
<i>TUE</i>	1	3	6
<i>TUDL</i>	0,333	1	4
$\hat{O}nibus$	0,167	0,250	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,3,6;
```

```
-->0.333,1,4;
```

```
-->0.167,0.250,1]
```

A =

```

1.   3.   6.
0.333 1.   4.
0.167 0.25 1.

```

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

```

3.0541968  0          0
0          - 0.0270984 + 0.4047140i  0
0          0          - 0.0270984 - 0.4047140i

```

x0 =

```

- 0.915212  - 0.9149441          - 0.9149441
- 0.3843217  0.1920030 - 0.3336069i  0.1920030 + 0.3336069i
- 0.1211767  0.0606215 + 0.1050884i  0.0606215 - 0.1050884i

```

-->lambda0=c0(:,1)

lambda0 =

```

3.0541968
0
0

```

-->lambda0=c0(1,1)

lambda0 =

```

3.0541968

```

-->x=x0(:,1)

x =

```

- 0.915212
- 0.3843217
- 0.1211767

```

-->soma0=sum(x)

soma0 =

```

- 1.4207105

```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.6441932
```

```
0.2705138
```

```
0.0852930
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.6441932
```

```
0.2705138
```

```
0.0852930
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0270984
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

```
0.0521123
```

C_4 – Minimização dos impactos ambientais

C_4	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	4	6
<i>TUDL</i>	0,250	1	3
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,167	0,333	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,4,6;
```

```
-->0.250,1,3;
```

```
-->0.167,0.333,1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1.    4.    6.
0.25  1.    3.
0.167 0.333 1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```
3.0541968  0          0
0          - 0.0270984 + 0.4047140i  0
0          0          - 0.0270984 - 0.4047140i
```

```
x0 =
```

```
- 0.9462857  0.9461693          0.9461693
- 0.2980861 - 0.1487095 + 0.2586580i - 0.1487095 - 0.2586580i
- 0.1252521 - 0.0628285 - 0.1086173i - 0.0628285 + 0.1086173i
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0541968
0
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0541968
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.9462857
- 0.2980861
- 0.1252521
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.3696239
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.6909091
```

```
0.2176409
```

```
0.0914500
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.6909091
```

```
0.2176409
```

```
0.0914500
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

```
-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)
```

```
CI =
```

```
0.0270984
```

```
-->RI=0.52;
```

```
-->CR=CI/RI
```

```
CR =
```

```
0.0521123
```

C_5 – Maximização do conforto, segurança e acessibilidade

C_5	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	2	4
<i>TUDL</i>	0,500	1	3
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,250	0,333	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

```
-->A=[1,2,4;
```

```
-->0.500,1,3;
```

```
-->0.250,0.333,1]
```

```
A =
```

```

1.  2.  4.
0.5  1.  3.
0.25 0.333 1.
```

```
-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)
```

```
c0 =
```

```

3.0180035  0          0
0          - 0.0090017 + 0.2350608i  0
0          0          - 0.0090017 - 0.2350608i
```

```
x0 =
```

```

- 0.8527273 - 0.8527756          - 0.8527756
- 0.4880520  0.2435286 - 0.4227807i  0.2435286 + 0.4227807i
- 0.1861757  0.0933487 + 0.1612768i  0.0933487 - 0.1612768i
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```

3.0180035
0
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0180035
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.8527273
```

```
- 0.4880520
```

```
- 0.1861757
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.526955
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.5584495
```

```
0.3196244
```

```
0.1219261
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.5584495
```

```
0.3196244
```

```
0.1219261
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

```
-->N=n(1)
```

```
N =
```

```
3.
```

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0090017

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0173110

C_6 – Minimização do congestionamento no corredor

C_6	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	2	6
<i>TUDL</i>	0,500	1	4
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,167	0,250	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,2,6;

-->0.500,1,4;

-->0.167,0.250,1]

A =

```

1.   2.   6.
0.5  1.   4.
0.167 0.25  1.

```

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

```

3.0099363  0          0
0          - 0.0049681 + 0.1669817i  0
0          0          - 0.0049681 - 0.1669817i

```

x0 =

```

0.8684673  0.8679763          0.8679763
0.4779581 - 0.2381000 + 0.4153377i - 0.2381000 - 0.4153377i
0.1316079 - 0.0660148 - 0.1142899i - 0.0660148 + 0.1142899i

```

```
-->lambda0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0099363
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambda0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambda0 =
```

```
3.0099363
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
0.8684673
```

```
0.4779581
```

```
0.1316079
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
1.4780333
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.5875830
```

```
0.3233744
```

```
0.0890426
```

```
-->w=xnorm
```

```
w =
```

```
0.5875830
```

```
0.3233744
```

```
0.0890426
```

```
-->n=size(A);
```

-->N=n(1)

N =

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0049681

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0095541

C_7 – Minimização do risco de colapso energético do sistema

C_7	TUE	TUDL	$\hat{O}nibus$
TUE	1	0,200	0,143
TUDL	5	1	0,333
$\hat{O}nibus$	7	3	1

Cálculo do vetor de prioridades pelo Scilab:

-->A=[1,0.200,0.143;

-->5,1,0.333;

-->7,3,1]

A =

1. 0.2 0.143

5. 1. 0.333

7. 3. 1.

-->[x0,c0]=spec(A)

c0 =

3.0650588 0 0

0 - 0.0325294 + 0.4453659i 0

0 0 - 0.0325294 - 0.4453659i

```
x0 =
- 0.1013326 - 0.0506569 - 0.0878215i - 0.0506569 + 0.0878215i
- 0.3927447 - 0.1963360 + 0.3405868i - 0.1963360 - 0.3405868i
- 0.9140478  0.9138786          0.9138786
```

```
-->lambd0=c0(:,1)
```

```
lambd0 =
```

```
3.0650588
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
-->lambd0=c0(1,1)
```

```
lambd0 =
```

```
3.0650588
```

```
-->x=x0(:,1)
```

```
x =
```

```
- 0.1013326
```

```
- 0.3927447
```

```
- 0.9140478
```

```
-->soma0=sum(x)
```

```
soma0 =
```

```
- 1.4081251
```

```
-->xnorm=x/soma0
```

```
xnorm =
```

```
0.0719628
```

```
0.2789132
```

```
0.6491240
```

-->w=xnorm

w =

0.0719628

0.2789132

0.6491240

-->n=size(A);

-->N=n(1)

N =

3.

-->CI=(lambda0-N)/(N-1)

CI =

0.0325294

-->RI=0.52;

-->CR=CI/RI

CR =

0.0625565

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$Pf_{TUE} = 0,0711304 \times 0,0725810 + 0,2481342 \times 0,0914500 + 0,2854260 \times 0,6441932 + \\ + 0,1528307 \times 0,6909091 + 0,1123595 \times 0,5584495 + 0,0886118 \times 0,5875830 + \\ + 0,0415075 \times 0,0719628 = 0,435$$

$$Pf_{TUDL} = 0,0711304 \times 0,1662921 + 0,2481342 \times 0,2176409 + 0,2854260 \times 0,2705138 + \\ + 0,1528307 \times 0,2176409 + 0,1123595 \times 0,3196244 + 0,0886118 \times 0,3233744 + \\ + 0,0415075 \times 0,2789132 = 0,252$$

$$Pf_{ônibus} = 0,0711304 \times 0,7611269 + 0,2481342 \times 0,6909091 + 0,2854260 \times 0,0852930 + \\ + 0,1528307 \times 0,0914500 + 0,1123595 \times 0,1219261 + 0,0886118 \times 0,0890426 + \\ + 0,0415075 \times 0,6491240 = 0,312$$

Situação B - matrizes construídas pela linha de maior prioridade:

Comparação entre os critérios:

Calcula-se a soma das linhas.

<i>Melhor alternativa transporte</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	C_7	<i>Soma</i>
C_1	1	0,293	0,331	0,490	0,493	0,503	2,676	5,786
C_2	3,409	1	0,544	2,548	3,356	2,600	4,481	17,938
C_3	3,019	1,837	1	2,731	2,869	2,934	3,563	17,953
C_4	2,042	0,393	0,366	1	1,931	2,855	3,767	12,354
C_5	2,028	0,298	0,349	0,518	1	1,829	3,775	9,797
C_6	1,990	0,385	0,341	0,350	0,547	1	2,773	7,386
C_7	0,374	0,223	0,281	0,265	0,265	0,361	1	2,769

O maior valor é o da linha 3, portanto essa linha será a referência para o cálculo de todas as outras.

<i>Melhor alternativa transporte</i>	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	C_7
C_3	3,019	1,837	1	2,731	2,869	2,934	3,563

Essa linha fornece todos os números suficientes para o cálculo das prioridades, utilizando as fórmulas (9) e (10) do Capítulo 7:

$$Pr_{C_3} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3,019} + \frac{1}{1,837} + 1 + \frac{1}{2,731} + \frac{1}{2,869} + \frac{1}{2,934} + \frac{1}{3,563}} = 0,3113504$$

e

$$Pr_{C_1} = \frac{1}{3,019} \times Pr_{C_3} = 0,1031303$$

$$Pr_{C_2} = \frac{1}{1,837} \times Pr_{C_3} = 0,1694885$$

$$\Pr_{C_4} = \frac{1}{2,731} \times \Pr_{C_3} = 0,1140060$$

$$\Pr_{C_5} = \frac{1}{2,869} \times \Pr_{C_3} = 0,1085223$$

$$\Pr_{C_6} = \frac{1}{2,934} \times \Pr_{C_3} = 0,1061181$$

$$\Pr_{C_7} = \frac{1}{3,563} \times \Pr_{C_3} = 0,0873843$$

Comparações entre as alternativas:

C_1	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	0,333	0,125	1,458
<i>TUDL</i>	3	1	0,167	4,167
<i>Ônibus</i>	8	6	1	15

C_2	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	0,333	0,167	1,5
<i>TUDL</i>	3	1	0,250	4,25
<i>Ônibus</i>	6	4	1	11

C_3	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	3	6	10
<i>TUDL</i>	0,333	1	4	5,333
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,167	0,250	1	1,417

C_4	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	4	6	11
<i>TUDL</i>	0,250	1	3	4,25
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,167	0,333	1	1,5

C_5	<i>TUE</i>	<i>TUDL</i>	<i>Ônibus</i>	<i>Soma</i>
<i>TUE</i>	1	2	4	7
<i>TUDL</i>	0,500	1	3	4,5
<i>Ônibus</i>	0,250	0,333	1	1,583

C_6	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus	Soma
TUE	1	2	6	9
TUDL	0,500	1	4	5,5
Ônibus	0,167	0,250	1	1,417

C_7	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus	Soma
TUE	1	0,200	0,143	1,343
TUDL	5	1	0,333	6,333
Ônibus	7	3	1	11

As linhas das matrizes que serão utilizadas nos cálculos são:

C_1	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
Ônibus	8	6	1

C_2	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
Ônibus	6	4	1

C_3	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
TUE	1	3	6

C_4	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
TUE	1	4	6

C_5	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
TUE	1	2	4

C_6	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
TUE	1	2	6

C_7	TUE	TUDL	Ônibus
Ônibus	7	3	1

Em relação a C_1 :

$$\Pr_{\text{ônibus}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + 1} = 0,7741935$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{8} \times \Pr_{\text{ônibus}} = 0,0967742$$

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{6} \times \Pr_{\text{ônibus}} = 0,1290323$$

Em relação a C_2 :

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} + 1} = 0,7058824$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{6} \times \Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = 0,1176471$$

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{4} \times \Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = 0,1764706$$

Em relação a C_3 :

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}} = 0,6666667$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,2222222$$

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{6} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,1111111$$

Em relação a C_4 :

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}} = 0,7058824$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{4} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,1764706$$

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{6} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,1176471$$

Em relação a C_5 :

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}} = 0,5714286$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{2} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,2857143$$

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{4} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,1428571$$

Em relação a C_6 :

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}} = 0,6$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{2} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,3$$

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{6} \times \Pr_{TUE} = 0,1$$

Em relação a C_7 :

$$\Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{3} + 1} = 0,6774194$$

e

$$\Pr_{TUE} = \frac{1}{7} \times \Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = 0,0967742$$

$$\Pr_{TUDL} = \frac{1}{3} \times \Pr_{\hat{o}nibus} = 0,2258065$$

As prioridades finais são sintetizadas:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{TUE} &= 0,1031303 \times 0,0967742 + 0,1694885 \times 0,1176471 + 0,3113504 \times 0,6666667 + \\ &+ 0,1140060 \times 0,7058824 + 0,1085223 \times 0,5714286 + 0,1061181 \times 0,6 + \\ &+ 0,0873843 \times 0,0967742 = 0,452 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{TUDL} &= 0,1031303 \times 0,1290323 + 0,1694885 \times 0,1764706 + 0,3113504 \times 0,2222222 + \\ &+ 0,1140060 \times 0,1764706 + 0,1085223 \times 0,2857143 + 0,1061181 \times 0,3 + \\ &+ 0,0873843 \times 0,2258065 = 0,215 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\hat{o}nibus} &= 0,1031303 \times 0,7741935 + 0,1694885 \times 0,7058824 + 0,3113504 \times 0,1111111 + \\ &+ 0,1140060 \times 0,1176471 + 0,1085223 \times 0,1428571 + 0,1061181 \times 0,1 + \\ &+ 0,0873843 \times 0,6774194 = 0,333 \end{aligned}$$