

Referências Bibliográficas

- [1] PATIL, P. A.; GOREK, M.; FOLBERTH, M. Experimental study of electrical properties of oil-based mud in the frequency range from 1mhz to 100mhz. *SPE Drillin and Completion*, 2010. (document), 1.1, 4.1, 4.1, 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, 4.1
- [2] SANCHES, C. A. *Projetando Redes WLAN*. São Paulo: São Paulo, 2007. (document), 4.3, 4.8, 4.3
- [3] CARDEN, F.; JEDLICKA, R.; HENRY, R. *Telemetry Systems Engineering*. Norwood, MA, EUA: Artec House Inc., 2002. 1.1
- [4] Scott Brilles. *Remote Downhole Well Telemetry*. 2004. US 6.766.141. 1.1
- [5] ROSA, A. J.; CARVALHO, R. D. S.; XAVIER, J. A. D. *Engenharia de Reservatórios de Petróleo*. [S.l.]: Interciênciacia, 2006. 1.1
- [6] ARREGUI, F. J. *Sensors based on nanostructured materials*. [S.l.]: Springer, 2009. 1.1
- [7] SAKATA. Performance analysis of long distance transmitting of magnectic signal on cylindrical steel rod. *IEEE Translation Journal on Magnetics in Japan*, 1993. 1.1
- [8] Harold J. Vinegar, Robert Rex Burnett, William Mountjoy Savage, Frederick Gordon Carl e James William Hall. *Permanent Downhole, Wireless, Two-way Telemetry Backbone Using Redundant Repeaters*. 2003. US 6.633.236 B2. 1.1
- [9] KENNEDY, B. W. *Energy effcient transformers*. [S.l.]: McGraw-Hill, 1998. 1.1
- [10] Kambiz A. Safynia e Roger W. McBride. *System and Method for Communicating Signals in a Cased Borehole Having Tubing*. 1989. US 4.839.644. 1.1
- [11] FISHMAN, G. S. *Monte Carlo: Concepts, Algorithms and Applications*. Nova Iorque, EUA: Springler Verlac, 2003. 1.1, 3.2

- [12] MICHALEWICZ, Z. *Genetic Algorithms + Data Structures*. [S.l.]: Springer Verlag Berlim - New York, 1999. 1.1, 4.4
- [13] BALANIS, C. A. *Advanced Engineering Electromagnetics*. Arizona: Wiley, 1989. 2.1, 2.2.1, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.3, 2.3, 4.1
- [14] GURU, B. S.; HIZIROGLU, H. R. *Electromagnetic field theory fundamentals*. 2. ed. Cambridge, United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press, 2004. 2.2.1
- [15] RAMO, S.; WINNERY, J. R.; DUZER, T. V. *Fields And Waves In Communication Engineering*. 3. ed. [S.l.]: Wiley, 1994. 2.4.1, 2.5, 2.5
- [16] YU, W. et al. *Electromagnetic Simulation Techniques Based on the FDTD Method*. [S.l.]: Wiley, 2009. 2.6
- [17] YEE, K. Numerical solution of initial boundary value problems involving maxwell's equations in isotropic media. *Antennas and Propagation, IEEE Transactions on*, v. 14, n. 3, p. 302 –307, maio 1966. ISSN 0018-926X. 2.6
- [18] FDTD. <http://www.fDTD.org>. 2.6
- [19] MARKLEIN, R. *The Finite Integration Technique as a General Tool to Compute Acoustic, Electromagnetic, Elastodynamic, and Coupled Wave Fields*. 1999. 2.6
- [20] CANIGGIA, S. et al. Finite integration technique numerical modeling for emc and signal integrity problems. In: *Industrial Electronics, 2002. ISIE 2002. Proceedings of the 2002 IEEE International Symposium on*. [S.l.: s.n.], 2002. v. 4, p. 1404 – 1409 vol.4. 2.6
- [21] HOLLAND, J. H. *Adaptation in Natural and Artificial Systems*. University of Michigan: Ann Arbor, 1975. 3.1
- [22] CONNOLLY, K. et al. Coupling maxwell's equation time-domain solution with monte-carlo technique to simulate ultrafast optically controlled switches. In: *Microwave Symposium Digest, 1990., IEEE MTT-S International*. [S.l.: s.n.], 1990. p. 295 –298 vol.1. 3.2
- [23] BEDDEK, K. et al. 3d stochastic spectral finite element method in static electromagnetism using vector potential formulation. In: *Electromagnetic Field Computation (CEFC), 2010 14th Biennial IEEE Conference on*. [S.l.: s.n.], 2010. p. 1. 3.2

- [24] EDWARDS, R.; MARVIN, A.; PORTER, S. Uncertainty analyses in the finite-difference time-domain method. *Electromagnetic Compatibility, IEEE Transactions on*, v. 52, n. 1, p. 155 –163, 2010. ISSN 0018-9375. 3.2
- [25] SADIKU, M. Monte carlo methods in an introductory electromagnetic course. *Education, IEEE Transactions on*, v. 33, n. 1, p. 73 –80, fev. 1990. ISSN 0018-9359. 3.2
- [26] MCKAY, M. D.; BECKMAN, R. J.; CONOVER, W. J. A comparison of three methods for selecting values of input variables in the analysis of output from a computer code. *Technometrics*, American Society for Quality Control and American Statistical Association, Alexandria, Va, USA, v. 42, p. 55–61, February 2000. ISSN 0040-1706. Disponível em: <<http://portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=338441.338456>>. 3.2
- [27] EREMIN, I. I. *Theory of Linear Optimization*. [S.l.]: VSP, 2002. 4.4
- [28] KALANTAR-ZADEH, K. et al. *Nanotechnology-Enabled Sensors*. [S.l.]: SPRINGER-VERLAG NEW YORK INC, 2007. 4.6
- [29] CRUZ, A. V. A. da et al. Quantum-inspired evolutionary algorithms and its application to numerical optimization problems. *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, v. 3316/2004, 2004. 5.2
- [30] STEINER, I. *Otimização da Distribuição em Orbitais e Parametrização de Primitivas Gaussianas para o Modelo de Hartree-Fock por Algoritmos Evolucionários*. Dissertação (Mestrado) — Pontifícia Universidade Católica do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro - RJ, 2009. Conceito CAPES da instituição: 6. 5.2

A**Significados e definições dos símbolos utilizados****A.1****Símbolos básicos**

Símbolo de definição: $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$. Unidade imaginária:

$$j \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sqrt{-1} \quad (\text{A-1})$$

A.2**Conjuntos**

Conjunto dos números naturais: \mathbb{N} . Conjunto dos números reais: \mathbb{R} . Conjunto dos números complexos: \mathbb{C} . Conjunto dos números reais não-negativos:

$$\mathbb{R}_+ \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \geq 0\} \quad (\text{A-2})$$

A.3**Operadores básicos**

Parte real de um número imaginário:

$$\Re(x + jy) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} x \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} \quad (\text{A-3})$$

Parte imaginária de um número imaginário:

$$\Im(x + jy) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} y \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} \quad (\text{A-4})$$